Size as Measured by Gross Value of Products.—While in 1922 the 420 establishments each producing over \$1,000,000 had an aggregate value of products of \$1,268,056,129 or 51 p.c. of the total production of all manufacturing industries, the 719 establishments producing over \$1,000,000 each in 1929 had an aggregate value of products of \$2,516,064,954, or 62 p.c. of the grand total for all manufacturing establishments—a very significant change in the short period of eight years. In 1931, however, the number of plants with a production of over \$1,000,000 dropped again to 482, their output being valued at \$1,451,658,954, or 53 p.c. of the total. With the increased production resulting from war needs, the number of plants with a production of \$1,000,000 or over jumped to 1,376 in 1944 and their output was about 75 p.c. of the total value of manufactures. With the end of the War and the consequent decline in production of the huge war plants the number of establishments with a production of \$1,000,000 or over, although increasing to 1,384 in 1945, nevertheless saw a decline in the proportion of their output to 71 p.c. of the total.

29.—Manufacturing Establishments, Grouped According to Gross Value of Products, with Totals and Average Values of Products in each Class, for Canada, 1929, 1939, 1944 and 1945.

	. 19291			1939 ²		
Group of Gross Values	Estab- lishments	Total Production	Average per Estab- lishment	Estab- lishments	Total Production	Average per Estab- lishment
	No.	\$	ş	No.	\$	\$
Under \$25,000. \$ 25,000 but under \$ 50,000 50,000 " 100,000 100,000 " 200,000 200,000 " 500,000 500,000 " 1,000,000 1,000,000 " 5,000,000 5,000,000 and over Totals and Averages	14,024 2,802 2,209 1,688 1,519 636 601 118 23,597	1,217,866,089	35, 521 70, 760 140, 718 331, 941 697, 481 2, 026, 400 11, 001, 685	15,623 2,803 2,215 1,584 1,584 689 520 81 24,800	120,903,054 99,558,383 156,410,769 225,582,130 390,626,844 466,441,130 1,091,293,939 923,724,311 3,474,540,560	35, 519 70, 614 142, 413 303, 990 676, 983 2, 098, 642 11, 404, 004
Under \$25,000. \$ 25,000 but under \$ 50,000 50,000 " 100,000 100,000 " 200,000 200,000 " 500,000 500,000 " 1,000,000 5,000,000 and over Totals and Averages	13,942 4,011 3,442 2,513 2,256 943 1,089 287 28,4 83	128, 782, 147 143, 023, 914 245, 273, 500 355, 235, 489 714, 546, 348 661, 670, 696 2, 294, 546, 053 4, 530, 614, 372 9,073,692,519	35,658 71,259 141,359 316,731 701,666 2,107,021 15,786,113	3,611 2,741 2,363 1,016 1,118 266	$151,887,857\\257,256,629\\386,049,931\\742,817,414\\709,212,751\\2,310,055,058\\3,564,286,054$	35, 992 71, 242 140, 843 314, 354 698, 044 2, 066, 239 13, 399, 572

¹ Includes central electric stations and dyeing, cleaning and laundry establishments. ² Exclusive of Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

Size as Measured by Number of Employees.—In 1923, establishments employing 501 hands or over accounted for $21 \cdot 4$ p.c. of the total number of employees engaged in manufacturing. By 1929 the proportion had increased to $27 \cdot 3$ p.c. of the total, thereby showing the increasing concentration of production into larger units. This tendency, however, was checked by the depression, the percentage